

Completing a Constructed Travel Worksheet – **Authorization**

I. Overview of Constructed Travel

When triggered, the DTS Constructed Travel pre-audit indicates that a constructed travel worksheet (CTW) <u>may be required</u>. A CTW <u>is not required</u> if your trip meets one of the following conditions:

- 1. Your local policy identifies your selected mode of transportation as the standard transportation mode.
- 2. You will drive your privately owned automobile or motorcycle (privately owned conveyance [POC]) 400 or fewer miles one-way (official mileage per the Defense Table of Official Distance [DTOD]) on every travel segment.* For example:
 - a. You will drive 800 or fewer miles round-trip on a 1-location TDY (e.g., PDSà TDY location (LOC) = 310 miles; round-trip = 620 miles)
 - b. You will drive 400 or fewer miles one-way for all travel segments* of a multi-location TDY (e.g., PDSà LOC1 = 210 miles, LOC1à LOC2 = 75 miles, LOC2à PDS = 145 miles)

If either condition applies, <u>do not</u> complete a CTW. Justify the Constructed Travel pre-audit by explaining that a CTW is not required.

Consult your AO or DTA if you do not know whether you need to complete a CTW.

- * A travel segment is any one-way journey:
 - From the PDS to a TDY location
 - From one TDY location to another TDY location
 - From a TDY location to the PDS

II. Traveler Instructions

A CTW <u>is required</u> for each travel segment over 800 miles round-trip or over 400 miles one-way, when using a non-standard transportation mode. When a CTW is required, enter a justification in the preaudit remarks field, complete the worksheet, and electronically attach it to your authorization using the **Substantiating Records** screen.

Your AO will use the CTW to decide whether to authorize full reimbursement for your travel expenses or to limit your reimbursement to the constructed cost (see below).

Complete the CTW as follows:

- 1. Enter your Name and all your TDY Locations and Dates of Travel.
- 2. Calculate the **Policy Constructed Transportation Cost**.
 - a. Line A is the cost of the standard transportation mode to, from, and between TDY locations only. Do not include rental car costs at any TDY location. If the standard transportation mode is commercial air, use the following steps to obtain the cost:
 - i. Use the **Travel > Air** screen to find flights, using the airports you would have used if traveling by commercial air.
 - ii. Select the **GSA Contract Airfare** tab; do not use any other tab.
 - iii. Select the **Price** radio button to sort the results by cost, lowest cost first. Note that DTS posts the one-way cost; you'll have to double it to obtain the round-trip cost.
 - iv. Electronically attach to the authorization a copy of the DTS screen or CTO quote showing the total cost, including taxes and fees.

Notes: If the **GSA Contract Airfare** tab does not display any flights, ask your CTO for the cost of the least expensive, unrestricted economy/coach class airfare. If local policy identifies the standard transportation mode as bus or rail, use the actual ticket cost, including taxes and fees.

- b. **Line B** is the standard CTO transaction fee, if any. If you are unsure what your CTO charges, consult your DTA or AO.
- c. The **Total** constructed cost (sum of **Lines A and B**) will be completed for you.
- 3. The **Additional Comments** text field is optional unless required by local policy. Enter additional considerations that are **not** part of the policy constructed transportation cost, but help the AO decide whether the use of a POC is to the Government's advantage. You may include any item found in JTR, par. 4775-B, but the most common considerations are:
 - a. If POC use will allow you to avoid renting a vehicle that would have been authorized at the TDY location, enter the total estimated cost savings to the Government.
 - b. If you will transport other people in your POC who are also on official Government travel, enter each passenger's name and constructed transportation costs.
- 4. When the CTW is complete:
 - a. Select **Save** at the bottom of the completed worksheet to save the file to your computer.
 - b. Follow the usual DTS process for electronically attaching the document to your authorization.
 - c. Mark the document as a constructed travel worksheet by checking the CTW checkbox on the Substantiating Records screen.

d. Justify the Constructed Travel pre-audit by explaining why you are requesting to travel by a non-standard mode.

III. AO Instructions

When you stamp the document APPROVED, the **Cost Comparison** screen opens. This screen helps you decide whether to limit the traveler's reimbursement to the constructed cost or to allow full reimbursement for travel. When the **Cost Comparison** screen opens:

- 1. Open the CTW from the DTS Substantiating Records screen.
- 2. Enter the amount on Line A of the CTW into the Transportation Expenses block.
- 3. Enter the amount on Line B of the CTW into the Expense Cost Factors block. DTS automatically calculates the Total Allowed Cost.
- 4. Compare the **Preferred Trip Total** to the **Total Allowed Cost**. Although the relative costs are a primary consideration, you may consider other factors such as:
 - a. Will authorizing the traveler's requested transportation mode incur additional per diem?
 - b. Will there be costs for transporting equipment?
 - c. Will multiple travelers be able to share transportation costs?
 - d. What is the effect of travel on productive time?
 - e. What is the potential for weather delays?

Approving with limited reimbursement:

If travel by a non-standard mode is not the best way for the traveler to execute this trip, you may still authorize its use, but limit the traveler's reimbursement to the constructed cost. To do so, check the **Approve as Limited** box, then select **Approve and Continue** to conclude the authorization process.

Exception: Per JTR, par. 3320-A1, you may only authorize rental car use that is to the Government's advantage. If en route rental car use is not to the Government's advantage, you **may not** authorize the request with limited reimbursement. Instead:

- 1. Select **Cancel** to Comparison screen to return to the Digital Signature screen.
- 2. On the Digital Signature screen:
 - a. Change the **Submit this document as:** selection to **RETURNED**.
 - b. Use the **Additional Remarks** text box to inform the traveler they must select a different transportation mode.
 - c. Select **Submit Competed Document** to return the document to the traveler.

Approving with no limited reimbursement:

If travel by a non-standard mode is the best way for the traveler to execute this trip, **do not** check the **Approve as Limited** checkbox. Simply select **Approve and Continue** to conclude the authorization process.

Caution:

When POC use is not to the Government's advantage, you must limit the traveler's en-route transportation reimbursement to mileage onlyⁱ. Current regulations specifically exclude reimbursing for enroute transportation expensesⁱⁱ in this scenario.

ⁱ Found on the Mileage Expenses screen as Expense Type Pvt Auto-TDY/TAD or Pvt Motorcycle-TDY/TAD.

ⁱⁱ The most commonly claimed en-route transportation expenses are parking and tolls. Both are found on the Non-Mileage Expenses screen. Expense Types are **Parking-TDY/TAD** and **Tolls (highway bridge etc)**.